Journal of Mechatronics, Electrical Power, and Vehicular Technology

Volume 14, 2023

AUTHORS INDEX

The articles in this volume were authored/co-authored by 114 authors from Indonesia, Vietnam, Greece, United Kingdom, United States, Japan, The Netherlands, Hungary, Australia, Thailand, Germany, Norway, Myanmar, Malaysia, and South Korea.

- Aam Muharam, "LSTM-based forecasting on electric vehicles battery swapping demand: Addressing infrastructure challenge in Indonesia," 14(1):72-79
- Abdullah Iskandar, "An open-source parallel gripper with an embedded soft skin fingertip sensor," 14(2): 114-126
- Abdul Muis, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Adhika Kurniawan, "Implementation of modified trapezoidal commutation scheme for speed control of 1 kW BLDC motor," 14(2): 127-137
- Adi Izhar Che Ani, "Enhancing efficiency of magnetic energy by implementing square-shaped materials adjacent to induction machine windings," 14(2): 158-165
- Afif Aulia Rahman, "Design and implementation of capacitor array as DC converters for electrical lighting in limited area," 14(1):80-86
- Afiva Riyatun Nuvus, "Characteristics of common code conducted emission of multi-boost converters," 14(2): 150-157
- Ahmad Afif Supianto, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2): 177-185
- Ahmad Asri Abd Samat, "Investigation of the usage of zigzag transformers to reduce harmonics distortion in distribution systems," 14(2): 138-149
- Akhyar Abdillah Manaf, "Genetic algorithm-enhanced linear quadratic control for balancing bicopter system with non-zero set point," 14(2): 105-113
- Amin, "LSTM-based forecasting on electric vehicles battery swapping demand: Addressing infrastructure challenge in Indonesia," 14(1):72-79
- Ana Heryana, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2): 177-185
- Arga Iman Malakani, "An optimized stator and rotor design of squirrel cage induction motor for EMU train," 14(1):35-46
- Arif Nur Afandi, "Investigation of the usage of zigzag transformers to reduce harmonics distortion in distribution systems," 14(2): 138-149
- Aripriharta, "Enhancing efficiency of magnetic energy by implementing square-shaped materials adjacent to induction machine windings," 14(2): 158-165

- Aris Munandar, "An open-source parallel gripper with an embedded soft skin fingertip sensor," 14(2): 114-126
- Aris Munandar, "Water quality assessment monitoring system using fuzzy logic and the internet of things," 14(2): 198-207
- Arjon Turnip, "Failure assessment in lithium-ion battery packs in electric vehicles using the failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA) approach," 14(1):94-104
- Arman Jaya, "Design and implementation of capacitor array as DC converters for electrical lighting in limited area," 14(1):80-86
- Arya Kusumawardana, "Optimization of load frequency control using grey wolf optimizer in micro hydro power plants," 14(2): 166-176
- Aryo Baskoro Utomo, "Genetic algorithm-enhanced linear quadratic control for balancing bicopter system with non-zero set point," 14(2): 105-113
- Asep Andi Suryandi, "An optimized stator and rotor design of squirrel cage induction motor for EMU train," 14(1):35-46
- Aung Ko Latt, "Optimization of load frequency control using grey wolf optimizer in micro hydro power plants," 14(2): 166-176
- Bagus Made Arthaya, "Design and CFD simulation of guide vane for multistage Savonius wind turbine," 14(2): 186-197
- Bentang Arief Budiman, "Failure assessment in lithium-ion battery packs in electric vehicles using the failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA) approach," 14(1):94-104
- Bin Hu, "Stability analysis of a hybrid DC-DC buck converter model using dissipation inequality and convex optimization," 14(1):47-54
- Budiarianto Suryo Kusumo, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2): 177-185
- Catur Hilman Adritya Haryo Bhakti Baskoro, "An open-source parallel gripper with an embedded soft skin fingertip sensor," 14(2): 114-126
- Chonlatee Photong, "Genetic algorithm-enhanced linear quadratic control for balancing bicopter system with non-zero set point," 14(2): 105-113
- Dedy Indriatmono, "Impact of road load parameters on vehicle CO₂ emissions and fuel economy: A case study in Indonesia," 14(1):87-93
- Dewi Kartikasari, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Dhidik Prastiyanto, "Genetic algorithm-enhanced linear quadratic control for balancing bicopter system with non-zero set point," 14(2): 105-113
- Dimas Alfarizky Ilham, "Genetic algorithm-enhanced linear quadratic control for balancing bicopter system with non-zero set point," 14(2): 105-113
- Dionisius Devin, "Design and CFD simulation of guide vane for multistage Savonius wind turbine," 14(2):186-197
- Dwitya Harits Waskito, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Dwi Handoko Arthanto, "An optimized stator and rotor design of squirrel cage induction motor for EMU train," 14(1):35-46
- Dwi Mandaris, "Characteristics of common code conducted emission of multi-boost converters," 14(2): 150-157
- Edi Triono Nuryatno, "Water quality assessment monitoring system using fuzzy logic and the internet of things," 14(2): 198-207

- Eka Rakhman Priandana, "LSTM-based forecasting on electric vehicles battery swapping demand: Addressing infrastructure challenge in Indonesia," 14(1):72-79
- Elysa Nensy Irawan, "Analyzing the growth and trends of vertical axis wind turbine research: Insight from a bibliometric study," 14(1):55-61
- Endang Suryawati, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2): 177-185
- Endra Joelianto, "Failure assessment in lithium-ion battery packs in electric vehicles using the failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA) approach," 14(1):94-104
- Esa Apriaskar, "Genetic algorithm-enhanced linear quadratic control for balancing bicopter system with non-zero set point," 14(2):105-113
- Fahrul, "Implementation of modified trapezoidal commutation scheme for speed control of 1 kW BLDC motor," 14(2): 127-137
- Fahrur Aslami, "Analyzing the growth and trends of vertical axis wind turbine research: Insight from a bibliometric study," 14(1):55-61
- Fauzi Dwi Setiawan, "An optimized stator and rotor design of squirrel cage induction motor for EMU train," 14(1):35-46
- Georgios Lampropoulos, "Artificial intelligence in smart grids: A bibliometric analysis and scientific mapping study," 14(1):11-34
- Gilang Mantara Putra, "An optimized stator and rotor design of squirrel cage induction motor for EMU train," 14(1):35-46
- Goro Fujita, "Analyzing the growth and trends of vertical axis wind turbine research: Insight from a bibliometric study," 14(1):55-61
- Hanif Fakhrurroja, "Water quality assessment monitoring system using fuzzy logic and the internet of things," 14(2):198-207
- Hasih Pratiwi, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2): 177-185
- Hendra Palebangan, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Heru Priyanto, "Impact of road load parameters on vehicle CO₂ emissions and fuel economy: A case study in Indonesia," 14(1):87-93
- Hilda Luthfiyah, "An optimized stator and rotor design of squirrel cage induction motor for EMU train," 14(1):35-46
- Hilman Ferdinandus Pardede, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2): 177-185
- Hoe Dinh Nguyen, "Five-axis parallel mechanism system (PMS) CNC partial link control system based on modified inverse kinematic of 6-DOF UPS parallel manipulator," 14(1):1-10
- Ibram Adib Wicaksono, "Investigation of the usage of zigzag transformers to reduce harmonics distortion in distribution systems," 14(2): 138-149
- Ilya Amelia, "Genetic algorithm-enhanced linear quadratic control for balancing bicopter system with non-zero set point," 14(2): 105-113
- I Made Wirawan, "Optimization of load frequency control using grey wolf optimizer in micro hydro power plants," 14(2): 166-176
- Indrawanto, "Five-axis parallel mechanism system (PMS) CNC partial link control system based on modified inverse kinematic of 6-DOF UPS parallel manipulator," 14(1):1-10
- Irfan Yahya Ikhsanudin, "Impact of road load parameters on vehicle CO₂ emissions and fuel economy: A case study in Indonesia," 14(1):87-93

- Irianto, "Design and implementation of capacitor array as DC converters for electrical lighting in limited area," 14(1):80-86
- Irvandy Ilza Novendra, "Optimization of load frequency control using grey wolf optimizer in micro hydro power plants," 14(2):166-176
- Irwan Mahmudi, "Implementation of modified trapezoidal commutation scheme for speed control of 1 kW BLDC motor," 14(2): 127-137
- Irwan Purnama, "LSTM-based forecasting on electric vehicles battery swapping demand: Addressing infrastructure challenge in Indonesia," 14(1):72-79
- Iskendar, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Jimmy Abdel Kadar, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2):177-185
- Jonathan Chandra, "Design and CFD simulation of guide vane for multistage Savonius wind turbine," 14(2): 186-197
- Jonathan Chandra, "Stability analysis of a hybrid DC-DC buck converter model using dissipation inequality and convex optimization," 14(1):47-54
- Kevin Marojahan Banjar-Nahor, "Quasi-dynamic hosting capacity in radial distribution feeder," 14(1):62-71
- Kunto Ismoyo, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Kurnia Fajar Adhi Sukra, "Impact of road load parameters on vehicle CO₂ emissions and fuel economy: A case study in Indonesia," 14(1):87-93
- Kusno Ajidarmo, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Kyungmin Sung, "Design and implementation of capacitor array as DC converters for electrical lighting in limited area," 14(1):80-86
- Langlang Gumilar, "Investigation of the usage of zigzag transformers to reduce harmonics distortion in distribution systems," 14(2):138-149
- Le Hoa Nguyen, "Failure assessment in lithium-ion battery packs in electric vehicles using the failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA) approach," 14(1):94-104
- Levin Halim, "Design and CFD simulation of guide vane for multistage Savonius wind turbine," 14(2): 186-197
- Liptia Venica, "Analyzing the growth and trends of vertical axis wind turbine research: Insight from a bibliometric study," 14(1):55-61
- Margareta Aprilia Kusuma Dewi, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2): 177-185
- Muhajirin, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Muhammad Afnan Habibi, "Enhancing efficiency of magnetic energy by implementing square-shaped materials adjacent to induction machine windings," 14(2):158-165
- Muhamad Agus Wijayanto, "Impact of road load parameters on vehicle CO₂ emissions and fuel economy: A case study in Indonesia," 14(1):87-93
- Muhammad Arifin, "An open-source parallel gripper with an embedded soft skin fingertip sensor," 14(2):114-126
- Muhammad Fahmi, "Water quality assessment monitoring system using fuzzy logic and the internet of things," 14(2): 198-207

- Muhammad Imam Sudrajat, "Characteristics of common code conducted emission of multi-boost converters," 14(2):150-157
- Muhammad Ridho Rosa, "LSTM-based forecasting on electric vehicles battery swapping demand: Addressing infrastructure challenge in Indonesia," 14(1):72-79
- Muhammad Zakiyullah Romdlony, "LSTM-based forecasting on electric vehicles battery swapping demand: Addressing infrastructure challenge in Indonesia," 14(1):72-79
- Muhtadin, "An open-source parallel gripper with an embedded soft skin fingertip sensor," 14(2): 114-126
- Nadana Ayzah Azis, "Failure assessment in lithium-ion battery packs in electric vehicles using the failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA) approach," 14(1):94-104
- Nanang Hariyanto, "Quasi-dynamic hosting capacity in radial distribution feeder," 14(1):62-71
- Nanda Itohasi Gutami, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Nicco Avinta Purwanto, "Failure assessment in lithium-ion battery packs in electric vehicles using the failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA) approach," 14(1):94-104
- Nilam Sari Octaviani, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2):208-214
- Noor Muhammad Ridha Fuadi, "The influence of battery-powered engine on the reduction of carbon dioxide production from fishing boats," 14(2): 208-214
- Novan Agung Mahardiono, "Water quality assessment monitoring system using fuzzy logic and the internet of things," 14(2): 198-207
- Nur Jamiludin Ramadhan, "Five-axis parallel mechanism system (PMS) CNC partial link control system based on modified inverse kinematic of 6-DOF UPS parallel manipulator," 14(1):1-10
- Nuur Wachid Abdul Majid, "Analyzing the growth and trends of vertical axis wind turbine research: Insight from a bibliometric study," 14(1):55-61
- Oka Mahendra, "An open-source parallel gripper with an embedded soft skin fingertip sensor," 14(2): 114-126
- Okghi Adam Qowiy, "An optimized stator and rotor design of squirrel cage induction motor for EMU train," 14(1):35-46
- Quota Alief Sias, "Investigation of the usage of zigzag transformers to reduce harmonics distortion in distribution systems," 14(2): 138-149
- Raden Sandra Yuwana, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2): 177-185
- Rashad Abul Khayr, "LSTM-based forecasting on electric vehicles battery swapping demand: Addressing infrastructure challenge in Indonesia," 14(1):72-79
- Ratih Mar'atus Sholihah, "Implementation of modified trapezoidal commutation scheme for speed control of 1 kW BLDC motor," 14(2):127-137
- Rian Putra Pratama, "An open-source parallel gripper with an embedded soft skin fingertip sensor," 14(2): 114-126
- Ridlho Khoirul Fachri, "LSTM-based forecasting on electric vehicles battery swapping demand: Addressing infrastructure challenge in Indonesia," 14(1):72-79
- Riki Khomarudin, "Quasi-dynamic hosting capacity in radial distribution feeder," 14(1):62-71
- Rizky Cahya Kirana, "Failure assessment in lithium-ion battery packs in electric vehicles using the failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA) approach," 14(1):94-104
- Sigit Puji Santosa, "Failure assessment in lithium-ion battery packs in electric vehicles using the failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA) approach," 14(1):94-104

- Soraya Norma Mustika, "Enhancing efficiency of magnetic energy by implementing square-shaped materials adjacent to induction machine windings," 14(2): 158-165
- Sudarmono Sasmono, "LSTM-based forecasting on electric vehicles battery swapping demand: Addressing infrastructure challenge in Indonesia," 14(1):72-79
- Syamsul Kamar, "An optimized stator and rotor design of squirrel cage induction motor for EMU train," 14(1):35-46
- Teddy Anugrah Ramanel, "An optimized stator and rotor design of squirrel cage induction motor for EMU train," 14(1):35-46
- Tua A. Tamba, "Stability analysis of a hybrid DC-DC buck converter model using dissipation inequality and convex optimization," 14(1):47-54
- Vicky Zilfan, "Distracted driver behavior recognition using modified capsule networks," 14(2): 177-185
- Viyola Lokahita Bilqis, "Genetic algorithm-enhanced linear quadratic control for balancing bicopter system with non-zero set point," 14(2): 105-113
- Yoga Akbar Ermansyah, "Impact of road load parameters on vehicle CO₂ emissions and fuel economy: A case study in Indonesia," 14(1):87-93

Mechatronics, Electrical Power, and Vehicular Technology

Volume 14, 2023

AFFILIATION INDEX

Cardiff Business School, Cardiff University, UNITED KINGDOM	208	
Centre for Electrical Engineering Studies, Universiti Teknologi MARA, MALAYSIA	138, 158	
Dept. Computer Engineering Technology & Science, University of Houston, UNITED STATES	47	
Dept. Electrical Engineering, Parahyangan Catholic University, INDONESIA	47	
Dept. Mechanical Engineering, University of Groningen, NETHERLANDS		
Department of Computer Engineering, Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember, INDONESIA	114	
Department of Computer Engineering, Universitas Wiralodra, INDONESIA	55	
Department of Computer Science and Communications Engineering, Waseda University, JAPAN	114	
Department of Electrical and Informatics Engineering, Universitas Negeri Malang, INDONESIA	138, 158, 166	
Department of Electrical Engineering, Chonnam National University, SOUTH KOREA	138	
Departement of Electrical Engineering, Electronic Engineering Polytechnic Institute of Surabaya, INDONESIA	80	
Department of Electrical Engineering, Parahyangan Catholic University, INDONESIA	186	
Department of Electrical Engineering, Shibaura Institute of Technology, JAPAN	55	
Department of Electrical Engineering, Universitas Negeri Semarang, INDONESIA	105	
Department of ICT and Natural Sciences, Norwegian University of Science and Technology, NORWAY	177	
Department of Information and Electronic Engineering, International Hellenic University, GREECE	11	
Department of Manufacturing Automation and Mechatronics Engineering, Bandung Polytechnic for Manufacturing, INDONESIA	1	
Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of Groningen, THE NETHERLANDS	186	
Department of Mechatronics and Artificial Intelligence, Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, INDONESIA	55	
Department of System and Information Technology Education, Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, INDONESIA	55	
Directorate of Laboratory Management, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), INDONESIA	87	
Electrical and Electronic Engineering, The University of Manchester, UNITED KINGDOM	35	

Electrical Engineering and Installation, Metal Industry Polytechnic of Morowali, INDONESIA	127	
Electrical Engineering Study Program, Universitas Padjajaran, INDONESIA		
Electrical Engineering, Tadulako University, INDONESIA	127	
Executive Engineer (EE), Electric Power Generation Enterprise (EPGE), Ministry of Electric Power (MOEP), MYANMAR	166	
Faculty of Advanced Science and Technology, University of Science and Technology, The University of Danang, VIETNAM	94	
Faculty of Applied Science and Technology, Universitas Negeri Malang, INDONESIA	158, 166	
Faculty of Digital and Information Technology, Institute of Digital Economics LPKIA, INDONESIA	198	
Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Information Technology, Chemnitz University, GERMANY	177	
Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Mathematics and Computer Science, University of Twente, THE NETHERLANDS	150	
Faculty of Engineering, Mahasarakham University, THAILAND	105	
Faculty of Industrial Technology, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA	94	
Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, Sebelas Maret University, INDONESIA	177	
Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, Universitas Negeri Jakarta, INDONESIA	150	
Faculty of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Bandung Institute of Technology, INDONESIA	1,94	
Faculty of Science and Engineering, University of Groningen, NETHERLANDS	72	
Faculty of Transportation Engineering and Vehicle Engineering, Budapest University of Technology and Economics, HUNGARY	87	
Faculty of Vehicle and Energy Engineering, Phenikaa University, VIETNAM	1	
Functional Control System, Shibaura Institute of Technology, JAPAN	55	
Instrumentation and Control Graduate Program, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA	94	
Instrumentation and Control Research Group, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA	94	
National Center for Sustainable Transportation Technology, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA	94	
National Institute of Technology, Ibaraki College, JAPAN	80	
Research Center for Accelarator Technology, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), INDONESIA	35	
Research Center for Artificial Intelligence and Cyber Security, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), INDONESIA	35, 177	
Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), INDONESIA	35, 72, 87	
Research Center for Hydronamics Technology, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), INDONESIA	35	
Research Center for Process and Manufacturing Industry Technology, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), INDONESIA	35	

Research Center for Smart Mechatronics, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), INDONESIA	72, 114, 198
Research Center for Testing Technology and Standards, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), INDONESIA	150
Research Center for Transportation Technology, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), INDONESIA	35, 72, 87, 208
School of Humanities, Hellenic Open University, GREECE	11
School of Electrical Engineering & Informatics, Bandung Institute of Technology, INDONESIA	62
School of Electrical Engineering, Telkom University, INDONESIA	72
School of Industrial Engineering, Telkom University, INDONESIA	198
UWA Centre for Medical Research, University of Western Australia, AUSTRALIA	198

Journal of

Mechatronics, Electrical Power, and Vehicular Technology

INTERNATIONAL PEER REVIEWERS ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Editor of MEV would like to thank the wisdom and advice of many individuals who dedicated their considerable time and expertise in safeguarding the quality and high standard of academic integrity of the journal.

We are greatly indebted to the expertise, dedication, and expeditious response of the following individuals for reviewing at least one and, in some cases, many manuscripts for the journal from early 2010 until today.

Prof. Ir. Jamasri, Ph.D. Department of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering, Gadjah Mada University, INDONESIA

Prof. Dr. Ir. Suhono H Supangkat, M.Eng., CGEIT. School of Electrical Engineering and Informatics, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA

Prof. Dr. Ir. Zainal Abidin Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA

Prof. Dr. Ir. R. Danardono Agus Sumarsono, DEA., PE. Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of Indonesia, INDONESIA

Prof. Sasongko Pramono Hadi Department of Electrical Engineering, Gadjah Mada University, INDONESIA

Prof. Juan Carlos Alvarez Dept. Electrical Engineering, University of Oviedo, SPAIN

Prof. Dr. Murat Lüy Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering, Kırıkkale Universitesi, TURKEY

Prof. István Patkó Óbuda University, Budapest, HUNGARY Dr. Ir. Iman K Reksowardojo Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA

Dr. Irhan Febijanto, M.Eng Research Center for Sustainable Production System and Life Cycle Assessment - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Narankhuu Jamsran Thomas Air LLC, MONGOLIA

Dr. Ir. Edi Leksono, M.Eng. Engineering Physics, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA

Ahmad Agus Setiawan, S.T., M.Sc., Ph.D. Department of Engineering Physics, Faculty of Engineering, Gadjah Mada University, INDONESIA

Dr. Larissa Lorenz Bauhaus Luftfahrt e.V, GERMANY

Dr. Si Steve Li Electromechanical System Development, General Electric Global Research Centre, UNITED STATES

Anusua Ghosh School of Electrical and Information Engineering, University of South Australia, AUSTRALIA Ir. Arko Djajadi, Ph.D. Swiss German University, INDONESIA

Ir. Endra Joelianto, Ph.D. Engineering Physics, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA

Aji Prasetya Wibawa, Ph.D. Dept of Electrical Engineering, State University of Malang, INDONESIA

Dr. Ir. Rizqon Fajar, M.Sc. Research Center for Transportation Technology - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Tushar Ahmed School of Aerospace, Mechanical and Mechatronic Engineering, The University of Sydney, AUSTRALIA

Dr. Endra Pitowarno, M.Eng. Electronics Engineering, Polytechnic Institute of Surabaya (EEPIS), INDONESIA

Hendro Nurhadi, Dipl.Ing., Ph.D. Department of Mechanical Engineering - Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember, INDONESIA

Dr. Trina Fizzanty Research Center for Education -BRIN, INDONESIA

Anna Maria Sri Asih, S.T., M.M., M.Sc., Ph.D. Mechanical & Industrial Engineering Department, Gadjah Mada University, INDONESIA Dr.Eng. Anindito Purnowidodo, M.Eng. Mechanical Engineering Dept., Brawijaya University, INDONESIA

Dr. Adha Imam Cahyadi Department of Electrical Engineering, Gadjah Mada University, INDONESIA

Dr. Wahyudi Sutopo, S.T., M.Si. Industrial Engineering, Universitas Sebelas Maret Surakarta, INDONESIA

Dr. Fendy Santoso Autonomous System Laboratory, School of Engineering and Information Technology, The University of New South Wales, AUSTRALIA

Dr. Dimas Anton Asfani, S.T., M.T. Department of Electrical Engineering - Institut Teknologi Sepuluh Nopember, INDONESIA

Dr. Ir. Feri Yusivar, M.Eng. Department of Electrical Engineering, University of Indonesia, INDONESIA

Dr. Agfianto Eko Putra, M.Sc. Department of Computer and Electronic Science, Gadjah Mada University, INDONESIA

Dr. Feblil Huda, S.T., M.T. Department of Mechanical Engineering, Universitas Riau, INDONESIA

Pudji Irasari, M.Sc.rer.nat. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Sunit Hendrana Research Center for Physics - LIPI, INDONESIA

Dr. Eka Firmansyah Department of Electrical Engineering and Information Technology, Gadjah Mada University, INDONESIA

Dr. Arwindra Rizqiawan, S.T., M.T. School of Electrical Engineering and Informatics, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA Laksono Kurnianggoro, Ph.D. Department of Electrical Engineering, University of Ulsan, SOUTH KOREA

Yusie Rizal, Ph.D. Cand. Dept. Engineering Science, National Cheng Kung University, TAIWAN

Dr. Yuliadi Erdani Politeknik Manufaktur Bandung, INDONESIA

Dr. Joga Dharma Setiawan Faculty of Engineering, Diponegoro University, INDONESIA

Dr. Esa Prakasa, M.T. Research Center for Data and Information Sciences - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Agus Purwadi, M.T. School of Electrical Engineering and Informatics, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA

Slamet Riyadi, S. Ds., M.Ds., Ph.D. Product Design Department Faculty of Art and Design, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA

Dr. Ir. Hilwadi Hindersah School of Electrical Engineering and Informatics, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA

Dr. Widodo Budi Santoso Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Kadek Heri Sanjaya, Ph.D. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Suprapto, Ph.D. Departement of Electronics Engineering, Yogyakarta State University, INDONESIA

Dr. Ir. Yoyon Ahmudiarto, M.Sc. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr.-Ing. Moch Ichwan Research Centre for Electrical Power and Mechatronics – LIPI, INDONESIA Dr. Edwar Yazid Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Eng. Handityo Aulia Putra Department of Computer Engineering, Keimyung University, KOREA, REPUBLIC OF

Dr. Caecilia Sri Wahyuning Department of Industrial Engineering, Institut Teknologi Nasional, INDONESIA

Alexander Christantho Budiman, Ph.D. Research Center for Transportation Technology - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Rina Ristiana Research Center for Transportation Technology - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Anto Tri Sugiarto, M.Eng. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Ary Setijadi Prihatmanto, S.T., M.T. School of Electrical Engineering and Informatics, Institut Teknologi Bandung, INDONESIA

Dr. Eng. Aam Muharam, M.T. Research Center for Transportation Technology - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr.Eng. Edy Riyanto, S.T. Research Center for Advanced Material - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Anwar Muqorobin, M.T. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Bambang Wahono, M.Eng., Ph.D. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Ghalya Pikra, M.T. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA Rifa Rahmayanti, M.Sc. Research Centre for Electrical Power and Mechatronics – LIPI, INDONESIA

Vita Susanti, S.Kom. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Hendri Maja Saputra, M.T. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Natalita Maulani Nursam Research Center for Electronics – BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Joko Hariyono, S.T., M.Eng. Government of Yogyakarta Special Region, INDONESIA

Yusuf Nur Wijayanto, Ph.D. Research Center for Electronics – BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Edi Kurniawan, S.T., M.Eng. Research Center for Photonics -BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Deni Shidqi Khaerudini, S.Si., M.Eng. Research Center for Advanced Material - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Irwan Purnama, M.Sc.Eng. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Achmad Praptijanto, S.T., M.D.M Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Sunarto Kaleg, M.T. Research Center for Transportation Technology - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Kristian Ismail S.T., M.T. Research Center for Transportation Technology - BRIN, INDONESIA

Midriem Mirdanies, M.T. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA Sapdo Utomo, M.T. Research Centre for Electrical Power and Mechatronics – LIPI, INDONESIA

Erie Martides, M.T. Research Center for Advanced Material - BRIN, INDONESIA

Agus Risdiyanto, M.T. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Rudi Darussalam, M.Eng. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Hanif Fakhrurroja, S.SI., M.T. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Aditya Sukma Nugraha, M.T. Research Centre for Electrical Power and Mechatronics – LIPI, INDONESIA

Ahmad Rajani, M.Eng. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Amin, M.T. Research Center for Transportation Technology - BRIN, INDONESIA

Maulana Arifin, M.T. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Budi Azhari, M.Eng. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Henny Sudibyo, M.Eng. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Andri Joko Purwanto, M.T. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Andry Masri, M.Sn. Department of Product Design, Faculty of Art and Design, Institut Teknologi Nasional, INDONESIA Roni Permana Saputra S.T., M.Eng.Sc., Ph.D. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Sudirja, M.T. Research Center for Transportation Technology - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Eng. Eka Rakhman Priandana, S.T., M.T. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Suyoto, M.T. Research Center for Telecommunication – BRIN, INDONESIA

Oka Mahendra, M.T Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Veny Luvita, M.T. Research Center for Environmental and Clean Technology - BRIN, INDONESIA

Mulia Pratama, S.T., M.Eng. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Asep Nugroho, S.Si, M.Eng, M.Sc. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Jalu Ahmad Prakosa, S.Si., M.Eng. Research Center for Photonics -BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Dyah Kusuma Dewi, S.T., M.T. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Ridwan Arief Subekti, S.T., M.Si. Research Center for Energy Conversion and Conservation -BRIN, INDONESIA

Dr. Harry Septanto M.T. Research Center for Smart Mechatronics - BRIN, INDONESIA

Ass. Prof. Ir. April Lia Hananto, Ph.D Universitas Buana Perjuangan Karawang, INDONESIA

Dr. Akhmad Farid Widodo, ST., M.T. Research Center for Aeronautic	Beny Halfina, ST., M.Eng. Research Center for Transportation Technology - BRIN	Dr. Frengki Mohamad Felayati Department of Marine Engineering Hang Tuah
Technology - BRIN,	INDONESIA	University, INDONESIA
INDONESIA	Ilham Ari Elhaith Zaeni, S.T.	Dr. Tuswan
Prof. Aripriharta, S.T., M.T., Ph.D.	M.T., Ph.D.	Department of Naval Architecture

Departement of Electrical Engineering, Universitas Negeri Malang, INDONESIA

Departement of Electrical Engineering, Universitas Negeri Malang, INDONESIA

Universitas Diponegoro, INDONESIA

PUBLICATION ETHICS AND MALPRACTICE STATEMENT

Journal of Mechatronics, Electrical Power, and Vehicular Technology (hence MEV) is a journal aims to be a leading international peer-reviewed platform and an authoritative source of information. We publish original research papers, review articles and case studies focused on mechatronics, electrical power, and vehicular technology as well as related topics that has neither been published elsewhere in any language, nor is it under review for publication anywhere. This following statement clarifies ethical behavior of all parties involved in the act of publishing an article in this journal, including the author, the editor, the reviewer, and the publisher (National Research and Innovation Agency). This statement is based on COPE's Best Practice Guidelines for Journal Editors.

DUTIES OF AUTHORS

- 1. Reporting Standards: Authors should present an accurate account of the original research performed as well as an objective discussion of its significance. Researchers should present their results honestly and without fabrication, falsification or inappropriate data manipulation. A manuscript should contain sufficient detail and references to permit others to replicate the work. Fraudulent or knowingly inaccurate statements constitute unethical behavior and are unacceptable. Manuscripts should follow the submission guidelines of the journal.
- 2. Originality and Plagiarism: Authors must ensure that they have written entirely original work. The manuscript should not be submitted concurrently to more than one publication unless the editors have agreed to co-publication. Relevant previous work and publications, both by other researchers and the authors' own, should be properly acknowledged and referenced. The primary literature should be cited where possible. Original wording taken directly from publications by other researchers should appear in quotation marks with the appropriate citations.
- 3. Multiple, Redundant, or Concurrent Publications: Author should not in general submit the same manuscript to more than one journal concurrently. It is also expected that the author will not publish redundant manuscripts or manuscripts describing same research in more than one journal. Submitting the same manuscript to more than one journal concurrently constitutes unethical publishing behavior and is unacceptable. Multiple publications arising from a single research project should be clearly identified as such and the primary publication should be referenced
- 4. Acknowledgement of Sources: Authors should acknowledge all sources of data used in the research and cite publications that have been influential in influential in determining the nature of the reported work. Proper acknowledgment of the work of others must always be given.
- 5. Authorship of the Paper: The authorship of research publications should accurately reflect individuals ' contributions to the work and its reporting. Authorship should be limited to those who have made a significant contribution to conception, design, execution or interpretation of the reported study. Others who have made significant contribution must be listed as co-authors. In cases where major contributors are listed as authors while those who made less substantial, or purely technical, contributions to the research or to the publication are listed in an acknowledgement section. Authors also ensure that all the authors have seen and agreed to the submitted version of the manuscript and their inclusion of names as co-authors.
- 6. Disclosure and Conflicts of Interest: All authors should clearly disclose in their manuscript any financial or other substantive conflict of interest that might be construed to influence the results or interpretation of their manuscript. All sources of financial support for the project should be disclosed.
- 7. Fundamental Errors in Published Works: If the author discovers a significant error or inaccuracy in the submitted manuscript, then the author should promptly notify the journal editor or publisher and cooperate with the editor to retract or correct the paper.
- 8. Hazards and Human or Animal Subjects: The author should clearly identify in the manuscript if the work involves chemicals, procedures or equipment that have any unusual hazards inherent in their use.

DUTIES OF EDITOR

1. Publication Decisions: Based on the review report of the editorial board, the editor can accept, reject, or request modifications to the manuscript. The validation of the work in question and its importance to researchers and readers must always drive such decisions. The editors may be guided by the policies of the journal's editorial board and constrained by such legal requirements as shall then be in force regarding libel, copyright infringement and plagiarism. The editors may confer with other editors or reviewers in making this decision. Editors have to take responsibility for everything they publish and should have procedures and policies in place to ensure the quality of the material they publish and maintain the integrity of the published record.

- 2. Review of Manuscripts: Editor must ensure that each manuscript is initially evaluated by the editor for originality. The editor should organize and use peer review fairly and wisely. Editors should explain their peer review processes in the information for authors and also indicate which parts of the journal are peer reviewed. Editor should use appropriate peer reviewers for papers that are considered for publication by selecting people with sufficient expertise and avoiding those with conflicts of interest.
- 3. Fair Play: The editor must ensure that each manuscript received by the Journal is reviewed for its intellectual content without regard to sex, gender, race, religion, citizenship, etc. of the authors. An important part of the responsibility to make fair and unbiased decisions is the upholding of the principle of editorial independence and integrity. Editors are in a powerful position by making decisions on publications, which makes it very important that this process is as fair and unbiased as possible.
- 4. Confidentiality: The editor must ensure that information regarding manuscripts submitted by the authors is kept confidential. Editors should critically assess any potential breaches of data protection and patient confidentiality. This includes requiring properly informed consent for the actual research presented, consent for publication where applicable.
- 5. Disclosure and Conflicts of Interest: The editor of the Journal will not use unpublished materials disclosed in a submitted manuscript for his own research without written consent of the author. Editors should not be involved in decisions about papers in which they have a conflict of interest

DUTIES OF REVIEWERS

- 1. Confidentiality: Information regarding manuscripts submitted by authors should be kept confidential and be treated as privileged information. They must not be shown to or discussed with others except as authorized by the editor.
- 2. Acknowledgement of Sources: Manuscript reviewers must ensure that authors have acknowledged all sources of data used in the research. Reviewers should identify relevant published work that has not been cited by the authors. Any statement that an observation, derivation, or argument had been previously reported should be accompanied by the relevant citation. The reviewers should notify the journal immediately if they come across any irregularities, have concerns about ethical aspects of the work, are aware of substantial similarity between the manuscript and a concurrent submission to another journal or a published article, or suspect that misconduct may have occurred during either the research or the writing and submission of the manuscript; reviewers should, however, keep their concerns confidential and not personally investigate further unless the journal asks for further information or advice.
- 3. Standards of Objectivity: Review of submitted manuscripts must be done objectively and the reviewers should express their views clearly with supporting arguments. The reviewers should follow journals' instructions on the specific feedback that is required of them and, unless there are good reasons not to. The reviewers should be constructive in their reviews and provide feedback that will help the authors to improve their manuscript. The reviewer should make clear which suggested additional investigations are essential to support claims made in the manuscript under consideration and which will just strengthen or extend the work
- 4. Disclosure and Conflict of Interest: Privileged information or ideas obtained through peer review must be kept confidential and not used for personal advantage. Reviewers should not consider manuscripts in which they have conflicts of interest resulting from competitive, collaborative, or other relationships or connections with any of the authors, companies, or institutions connected to the papers. In the case of double-blind review, if they suspect the identity of the author(s) notify the journal if this knowledge raises any potential conflict of interest.
- 5. Promptness: The reviewers should respond in a reasonable time-frame. The reviewers only agree to review a manuscript if they are fairly confident, they can return a review within the proposed or mutually agreed time-frame, informing the journal promptly if they require an extension. In the event that a reviewer feels it is not possible for him/her to complete review of manuscript within stipulated time then this information must be communicated to the editor, so that the manuscript could be sent to another reviewer.

CROSSMARK POLICY PAGE

All articles published in MEV receive a DOI and are permanently published. This applies regardless of the outcome of the peer review that follows after publication. All content, including articles that have not (yet) passed peer review, is permanently archived in Portico. All versions of all articles that have passed peer review will be archived in PubMed and elsewhere.

Authors can revise, change and update their articles by publishing new versions, which are added to the article's history; however, the individual versions, once published, cannot be altered or withdrawn and are permanently available on the MEV website. MEV participates in the CrossMark scheme, a multi-publisher initiative that has developed a standard way for readers to locate the current version of an article. By applying the CrossMark policies, MEV is committed to maintaining the content it publishes and to alerting readers to changes if and when they occur.

Clicking on the CrossMark logo (at the top of each MEV article) will give you the current status of an article and direct you to the latest published version; it may also give you additional information such as new referee reports. In order to maintain the integrity and completeness of the scholarly record, the following policies will be applied when published content needs to be corrected; these policies take into account current best practice in the scholarly publishing and library communities:

CORRECTION TO AN ARTICLE

In traditional journals, where articles are peer reviewed before publication, Corrections (or Errata) are published to alert readers to errors in the article that became apparent following the publication of the final article. By contrast, articles in MEV undergo peer review post publication and publication is not `final' as new versions can be added at any stage. Possible mistakes that come to light during the peer review process may be highlighted in the published referee reports, which are part of the article. Authors can publish revised versions, and any errors that become apparent during peer review or later can be corrected through the publication of new versions. Corrections and changes relative to the previous version are always summarized in the `Amendments' section at the start of a new version.

RETRACTION

Articles may be retracted for several reasons, including:

- honest errors reported by the authors (for example, errors due to the mixing up of samples or use of a scientific tool or equipment that is found subsequently to be faulty)
- research misconduct (data fabrication)
- duplicate or overlapping publication
- fraudulent use of data
- clear plagiarism
- unethical research

For any retracted article, the reason for retraction and who is instigating the retraction will be clearly stated in the Retraction notice. The retraction notice will be linked to the retracted article (which usually remains on the site) and the article will be clearly marked as retracted (including the PDF).

An article is usually only retracted at the authors ' request or by the publisher in response to an institutional investigation. It is important to note in the context of MEV's publication model, that - as in traditional journals - a retracted article is not `unpublished ' or `withdrawn ' in order for it to be published elsewhere. The reasons for retraction are usually so serious that the whole study, or large parts of it, are not appropriate for inclusion in the scientific literature anywhere.

The content of a retracted article would only be removed where legal limitations have been placed upon the publisher, copyright holder or author(s), for example, if the article is clearly defamatory or infringes others ' legal rights, or if the article is the subject of a court order. In such cases, the bibliographic information for the article will be retained on the site along with information regarding the circumstances that led to the removal of the content.

Under rare circumstances, for example, if false or inaccurate data have been published that, if acted upon, pose a serious health risk, the original incorrect version(s) may be removed and a corrected version published. The reason for this partial removal would be clearly stated on the latest version.

PREPARING THE MANUSCRIPT

FORMATTING REQUIREMENTS

Please use the author submission template available online at MEV Journal website. To use the template, kindly `Save As' the MS Word file to your document, then copy and paste your document. To copy and paste the text into the template, please use `Special Paste' and choose `Unformatted Text'. Papers not prepared in accordance with author guidelines and manuscripts with number of mistakes will have to be pre-rejected by Editor.

Download the 'Author Submission Template' DOCX

https://mev.brin.go.id/mevfiles/MEV_author_submission_template_17.1.docx

If your article includes any Videos and/or other Supplementary material, this should be included in your supplementary file at initial submission for peer review purposes.

Word Processing Software

The manuscript should contain at least 2.000 words and should not exceed 25 pages including embedded figures and tables, contain no appendix, and the file should be in Microsoft Office (.doc/.docx) or Open Office (.odt) format. The paper should be prepared in A4 paper (210 mm x 297 mm) using 25 mm for left margin and 2 mm for the top, bottom, and right margin. No need to alter page number in this template as the page number will be reordered at preprinting process. The whole manuscript body should be in one column, using font type Times New Roman (TNR), font size 12, first line indent 5 mm, and 1.5 line spacing.

Please make sure that you use as much as possible normal fonts in your documents. Special fonts, such as fonts used in the Far East (Japanese, Chinese, Korean, etc.) may cause problems during processing. To avoid unnecessary errors, you are strongly advised to use the `spellchecker' function of MS Word.

Section Headings

Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. The abstract is not included in section numbering. Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

- Heading should be made in four levels. Level five cannot be accepted.
- *Heading Level 1;* Heading 1 should be written in title case, left aligned, bold, 14 TNR, and Roman numbered followed by a dot.
- *Heading Level 2;* Heading 2 should be written title case, left aligned, bold, 12 TNR, Capital Arabic numbered followed by a dot.
- *Heading Level 3;* Heading 3 should be written title case, left aligned, italic, 12 TNR, numbered by Arabic number followed by closed bracket
- *Heading level 4;* Heading 4 is not recommended, however, it could still be accepted with the format of sentence case, left indent 5 mm, hanging indent 5 mm, italic, 12 TNR, numbered by small cap followed by a closed bracket.
- Heading Level 5; Heading Level 5 cannot be accepted in the manuscript.

ARTICLE STRUCTURE

The manuscript should begin with title, abstract, and keyword(s) followed by the main text. The main text should consist of at least IMRaD structure, except for the review article: Introduction, Method/Material, Result and Discussion, and Conclusion; followed by acknowledgement and References.

Introduction

State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, state of the art, and should be avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results. Explain how you addressed the problem and clearly state the aims of your study.

Material and methods

Provide sufficient details to allow the work to be reproduced by an independent researcher. Methods that are already published should be summarized and indicated by a reference. If quoting directly from a previously published method, use quotation marks and also cite the source. Any modifications to existing methods should also be described. A Theory section (if necessarily added) should extend, not repeat, the background to the article already dealt with in the Introduction and lays the foundation for further work. A Calculation section represents a practical development from a theoretical basis.

Results and discussion

Results should be clear and concise. Discussion should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature. The following components should be covered in the discussion section: How do your results relate to the original question or objectives outlined in the Introduction section (what)? Do you provide interpretation scientifically for each of your results or findings

presented (why)? Are your results consistent with what other investigators have reported (what else)? Or are there any differences?

Conclusions

The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section. The conclusion section should lead the reader to the important matter of the paper. Suggestion or recommendation related to further research can also be added but not to confuse the research with an uncompleted work.

Acknowledgements

Collate acknowledgements in a separate section at the end of the article before the references and do not, therefore, include them on the title page, as a footnote to the title or otherwise. List here those individuals who provided help during the research (e.g., providing language help, writing assistance or proof reading the article, etc.).

Appendices

It is not recommended to use appendices in MEV Journal submission.

ESSENTIAL TITLE PAGE INFORMATION

Title

The title of the manuscript should be concise and informative, less than 15 words, title case, centered, bold. Titles are often used in information-retrieval systems. The title should be accurate, unambiguous, specific, and completely identify the main issue of the paper. Avoid abbreviations and formulae where possible.

Author names and affiliations

Author names should not contain academic title, official rank, or professional position. Please clearly indicate the given name(s) and last/family name(s) -full name if possible- of each author and check that all names are accurately spelled. Present the authors' affiliation addresses (where the actual work was done) below the names. Write clear affiliation of all Authors. Affiliation includes name of department/unit, (faculty), the name of university/institution, complete postal address, and country. All contributing author should be shown in contribution order.

Corresponding author

Clearly indicate the corresponding author clearly for handling all stages of pre-publication, refereeing, and post-publication. This responsibility includes answering any future queries about Methodology and Materials. Ensure that the e-mail address is given and that contact details are kept up to date by the corresponding author.

Present/permanent address

If an author has moved since the work described in the article was done, or was visiting at the time, a 'Present address' (or 'Permanent address') may be indicated as a footnote to that author's name. The address at which the author actually did the work must be retained as the main, affiliation address. Superscript Arabic numerals are used for such footnotes.

Abstract and keywords

Abstract

Abstract should be concise and factual, contains neither pictures nor tables, and should not exceed 250 words. The abstract should state briefly the purpose of the research, reserch methods, the principal results, and major conclusions. An abstract is often presented separately from the article, so it must be able to stand alone. For this reason, References should be avoided, but if essential, then cite the author(s) and year(s). Also, non-standard or uncommon abbreviations should be avoided, but if essential they must be defined at their first mention in the abstract itself.

Graphical abstract

A graphical abstract is optional. Its use is encouraged as it draws more attention to the online article. The graphical abstract should summarize the contents of the article in a concise, pictorial form designed to capture the attention of a wide readership. Graphical abstracts should be submitted as a supplementary file in the online submission system. Image size: Please provide an image with a minimum of 531×1328 pixels (h × w) or proportionally more. The image should be readable at a size of 5×13 cm using a regular screen resolution of 96 dpi. Preferred file types: TIFF, EPS, PDF or MS Office files. You can view Example Graphical Abstracts on our information site.

Keywords

The keywords should be avoiding general and plural terms and multiple concepts. Be sparing with abbreviations: only abbreviations firmly established in the field may be eligible. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes.

INSTRUMENTS

Abbreviations, Acronyms, and Units

Define abbreviations and acronyms at the first time they are used in the text, even after they have been defined in the abstract. Abbreviations such as IEEE, SI, MKS, CGS, sc, dc, and rms do not have to be defined. Do not use abbreviations in the title or heads unless they are unavoidable. Use either SI (MKS) or CGS as primary units. (SI units are encouraged.) English units may be used as secondary units (in parentheses). An exception would be the use of English units as identifiers in trade, such as "3.5-inch disk drive." Avoid combining SI and CGS units, such as current in amperes and magnetic field in oersteds. This often leads to confusion because equations do not balance dimensionally. If you must use mixed units, clearly state the units for each quantity that you use in an equation.

Do not mix complete spellings and abbreviations of units: "Wb/m²" or "webers per square meter," not "webers/m²." Spell units when they appear in text: "...a few henries," not "...a few H." Use a zero before decimal points: "0.25," not ".25." Use "cm3," not "cc".

Math formulae

Mathematical equation should be clearly written, numbered orderly, and should be an editable text prepared using MS Equation Editor (not in image format) and should also be separated from the surrounding text. Be sure that the symbols in your equation have been defined before or immediately following the equation. Use "(1)," not "Eq. (1)" or "equation (1)," except at the beginning of a sentence: "Equation (1) is ...". Italicize Roman symbols for quantities and variables, but not Greek symbols. Use a long dash rather than a hyphen for a minus sign.

Header-footer and hyperlink

Header and footer including page number must not be used. All hypertext links and section bookmarks will be removed from papers. If you need to refer to an Internet email address or URL in your paper, you must type out the address or URL fully in Regular font.

Footnotes

Footnotes should be avoided if possible. Necessary footnotes should be denoted in the text by consecutive superscript letters. The footnotes should be typed at the foot of the page in which they are mentioned, and separated from the main text by a short line extending at the foot of the column.

FIGURE AND TABLE

Figure should be in grayscale, and if it made in color, it should be readable (if it later printed in grayscale). A caption should be sequentially numbered with Arabic numerals and comprise a brief title (not on the figure itself) and a description of the illustration. Keep text in the illustrations themselves to a minimum but explain all symbols and abbreviations used. The lettering on the artwork should be clearly readable and in a proportional measure and should have a finished, printed size of 8 pt for normal text and no smaller than 6 pt for subscript and superscript characters. Use words rather than symbols or abbreviations, when writing Figure axis labels to avoid confusing the reader. As an example, write the quantity "Magnetization," or "Magnetization, M," not just "M." If including units in the label, present them within parentheses. Do not label axes only with units. In the example, write "Magnetization (A/m)" or "Magnetization (A (m(1)," not just "A/m." Do not label axes with a ratio of quantities and units. For example, write "Temperature (K)," not "Temperature/K."

Figures should have a brief description in the main body of the manuscript. Insert figures and tables after they are cited in the text. For layouting purpose, please provide high resolution figure (≥300dpi) in .tif/.jpg/.jpeg. Low-quality scans are not acceptable. Figures and tables should be embedded and not supplied separately. Moreover, kindly avoid mentioning the position of figure/table e.g. "figure below" or "table as follow" because the position will be rearranged in layouting process. DO NOT put boxes around your figures to enclose them.

We suggest that you use a text box to insert a graphic (which is ideally at least 300 dpi resolution TIFF or EPS file with all fonts embedded) because this method is somewhat more stable than directly inserting a picture. To have non-visible rules on your frame, use the MSWord "Format" pull-down menu, select Text Box > Colors and Lines to choose No Fill and No Line.

Electronic artwork

General points:

- Make sure you use uniform lettering and sizing of your original artwork.
- Preferred fonts: Arial (or Helvetica), Times New Roman (or Times), Symbol, Courier.
- Number the illustrations according to their sequence in the text.
- Use a logical naming convention for your artwork files.

Formats

Regardless of the application used, when your electronic artwork is finalized, please 'save as' or convert the images to one of the following formats (note the resolution requirements for line drawings, halftones, and line/halftone combinations given below):

• EPS (or PDF): Vector drawings. Embed the font or save the text as 'graphics'.

- TIFF (or JPG): Color or grayscale photographs (halftones): always use a minimum of 300 dpi.
- TIFF (or JPG): Bitmapped line drawings: use a minimum of 1000 dpi.
- TIFF (or JPG): Combinations bitmapped line/half-tone (color or grayscale): a minimum of 500 dpi is required.

Please do not:

- Supply files that are optimized for screen use (e.g., GIF, BMP, PICT, WPG); the resolution is too low.
- Supply files that are too low in resolution.
- Submit graphics that are disproportionately large for the content.

Figure captions

Ensure that each illustration has a caption. A caption should comprise a brief title (not on the figure itself) and a description of the illustration. Keep text in the illustrations themselves to a minimum but explain all symbols and abbreviations used. figure caption of a single line must be centered whereas multi-line captions must be justified

Tables

Please submit tables as editable text and not as images. Number tables consecutively with Arabic numerals in accordance with their appearance in the text. Place footnotes below the table body and indicate them with superscript lowercase letters. Be sparing in the use of tables and ensure that the data presented in them do not duplicate results described elsewhere in the article. Please avoid using vertical rules and shading in table cells.

CONSTRUCTION OF REFERENCES

References are recommended using IEEE referencing style. Please ensure that every reference cited in the text is also present in the reference list (and vice versa). References should be listed at the end of the paper and numbered in the order of their appearance in the text. The template will number citations consecutively within brackets [1]. The sentence punctuation follows the bracket [2]. Refer simply to the reference number, as in [3]– do not use "Ref. [3]" or "reference [3]" except at the beginning of a sentence: "Reference [3] was the first ..."

Unpublished results and personal communications are not recommended in the reference list but may be mentioned in the text. If these references are included in the reference list, they should follow the standard reference style of the journal and should include a substitution of the publication date with either 'Unpublished results' or 'Personal communication'. Citation of a reference as 'in press' implies that the item has been accepted for publication. Wikipedia, personal blog, or non-scientific website is not allowed to be taken into account. Primary references should be at least 80% from at least fifteen references. References should be taken from the late ten years.

Avoid bulk references such as [1–9]. Avoid excessive self-citations (no more than 20%). If possible, article's DOI should be given for each reference list.

Reference formatting

There are two types of references, i.e., electronics sources and nonelectronics sources. Sample of correct formats for various types of references are as follows

- *Book*: Author, *Title*. edition, editor, City, State or Country: Publisher, year, Pages.
- Part of book: Author, "Title", in Book, edition, editor, City, State or Country: Publisher, year, Pages.
- *Periodical*: Author, "Title", *Journal, volume (issue)*, pages, month, year.
- Proceeding: Author, "Title", in Proceeding, year, pages.
- Unpublished paper: Author, "Title", presented at Conference/ event title, City, State or Country, year.
- *Paten/Standart*: Author, "Title", patent number, month day, year.
- Technical report: Author, "Title", Company, City, State or Country, Tech. Rep. Number, month, year.

Three pieces of information are required to complete each reference from electronics sources: 1) protocol or service; 2) location where the item is to be found; and 3) item to be retrieved. Sample of correct formats for electronics source references are as follows:

- Book: Author. (year, month day). Title. (edition) [Type of medium]. volume (issue). Available: site/path/file.
- *Periodical*: Author. (year, month). Title. *Journal*. [Type of medium]. *volume (issue)*, pages. Available: site/path/file.
- *Papers presented at conferences*: Author. (year, month). Title. Presented at Conference title. [Type of Medium]. Available: site/path/file.
- *Reports and handbooks*: Author. (year, month). Title. Company. City, State or Country. [Type of Medium]. Available: site/path/file.

Reference management software

Every article submitted to MEV Journal shall use reference management software that supports Citation Style Language styles, such as Mendeley and Zotero, as well as EndNote®.